

# 2 AVANCE

## Estrategias

### 1 Deducir nuevas palabras a través de cognados

Lección 1A

Recognizing Spanish words that are similar to words you already know in English or another language can help you expand your vocabulary.

- Read these words and identify the English cognates.

aeropuerto    restaurante    idea    radio    música    teléfono

- Make a list of other cognates you have learned in **Unidades 1 y 2**.

### 2 Crear palabras a partir de reglas de formación

Lección 1B

You can use patterns of word formation to recognize the relationships between words and help expand your vocabulary. For example, if you know that **pintar** means *to paint* and that the suffix **-or(a)** can be added to a verb stem to create the name of a profession, you can see that **un(a) pintor(a)** is a painter.

- Match words from the word bank to the related words below to see how the names for some professions are formed. Use a dictionary if necessary.

cartero/a    periodista    recepcionista    trabajador(a)    zapatero/a  
 librero/a    pescador(a)    taxista    vendedor(a)

+ -ista	+ -ero/a	+ -dor(a)
el periódico .....	la carta .....	pescar .....
la recepción .....	el libro .....	trabajar .....
el taxi .....	el zapato .....	vender .....

### 3 Hacer listas y fichas de palabras

Lección 2A

Creating vocabulary lists and flashcards can be a helpful way to study new words and expressions. Think of different ways to organize the words: in alphabetical order, by part of speech, or by where and how you use them.

- Make flashcards for the words you learned in **Lección 2A**.

### 4 Hacer redes de palabras

Lección 2B

Making word maps is a helpful way to organize and learn vocabulary. They allow you to visually organize words into thematically related groups to help you learn words in context.

- Fill in this word map about breakfast.

